1014-39-567 Harry Gingold (gingold@math.wvu.edu), Department of Mathematics, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV 26506, and Fei Xue* (fxue@math.wvu.edu), Department of Mathematics, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV 26506. A New Technique for Asymptotic Summation of Potentially Oscillatory Difference Systems.

A new technique for the asymptotic summation of linear systems of difference equations Y(t + 1) = (D(t) + R(t))Y(t) is derived. A fundamental solution $Y(t) = \Phi(t)(I + P(t))$ is constructed in terms of a product of two matrix functions. The first function $\Phi(t)$ is a product of the diagonal part D(t). The second matrix I + P(t), is a perturbation of the identity matrix I. Conditions are given on the matrix D(t) + R(t) that allow us to represent I + P(t) as an absolutely convergent resolvent series without imposing stringent conditions on R(t). Our method could be applied to discretized version of singularly perturbed differential equations Y'(t) = A(t)Y(t) that fit the setting of quantum mechanics. (Received September 20, 2005)