1014-U1-163 Kimberly Jordan Burch* (kjburch@iup.edu), 206 Stright Hall, Department of Mathematics, Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Indiana, PA 15705. *Tower of Hanoi.*

The Tower of Hanoi is a puzzle familiar to many mathematicians. I introduced this puzzle in my undergraduate graph theory and combinatorics class. This puzzle helped students explore Hamiltonian cycles in *n*-cube graphs and to better understand recursion formulas. A child's stacking toy was used in lecture to demonstrate the legal moves used in solving the puzzle. The students used a penny, nickel, dime, and quarter at their desks with a piece of paper having three circles to serve as their poles. While studying graph theory, the students found a Hamiltonian cycle through the *n*-cube graph by keeping track of the moves used in solving the puzzle for *n* coins. The puzzle was also used when we discussed recursion formulas. By counting the number of moves needed to solve the puzzle for *n* coins, the students determined the recursion formula for the solution to the Tower of Hanoi problem for *n* coins. This hands-on approach to investigating recursion formulas helped to demystify the concept in an entertaining way. (Received August 03, 2005)