Daniel P. Biebighauser* (biebigha@cord.edu), Department of Mathematics and Comp. Science, Concordia College, 901 Eighth Street South, Moorhead, MN 56562, and M. N. Ellingham. Infinite 2-walks in 3-connected planar graphs.

A graph G is k-indivisible, where k is a positive integer, if, for any finite $X \subseteq V(G)$, G - X has at most k - 1 infinite components. A one-way infinite 2-walk in a graph G is a one-way infinite walk that includes every vertex of G at least once and at most twice. A graph is locally finite if every vertex has finite degree.

Timar proved that every locally finite 3-connected infinite 2-indivisible plane graph has a one-way infinite 2-walk. In this talk, we show that the condition "locally finite" is not necessary. (Received September 21, 2006)