1023-37-814 Marina Bevzushenko* (marinavb@math.bu.edu). Mathematical analysis of an integro-differential equation arising in neuroscience.

I study the class of nonlinear integro-differential equations

$$\frac{\partial u(x,t)}{\partial t} = -u(x,t) + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x-y)f(u(y,t) - \theta) \,dy + h.$$

These equations arise in neuroscience for modeling short-term memory and were introduced by Shun-ichi Amari in 1977. Here u(x,t) is the average membrane potential of the neurons. I study N-bump solutions, where N=1,2.

For 1-bump solutions, I study the stability of 1-bump solutions. I show that perturbations of the endpoints of the intervals of the excited region is not only a necessary but also sufficient to establish their linear stability.

For 2-bump solutions, I show that the necessary criteria for the existence of equal width 2-bump solutions, developed by William Troy and Carlo Laing, are sufficient as well, with one extra, natural condition. Further, I explore 1-bump solutions with a dimple and show that for some coupling functions it is possible for this type of solution to become a 2-bump solution.

One of the main analytical techniques I use is to approximate w(x), in order to determine how solution properties depend on the parameters and characteristics of w(x). (Received September 21, 2006)