In this presentation we will discuss an intriguing extension of a previous result regarding divisibility properties of \( p(n, m) \), the restricted partition function that enumerates the number of partitions of \( n \) into exactly \( m \) parts. This extension reveals further symmetries of the generating functions and may allow us to gain a better understanding of the associated Ramanujan-like congruences, some of which defy generalization so far. Moreover, this extension agrees with the Hardy-Ramanujan-Rademacher formula for \( p(n) \) when \( n \) is negative, namely, \( p(n) = 0 \). (Received September 21, 2012)