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Department, Exley Science Center, 265 Church Street, Middletown, CT 06459. *How to Do
Homological Algebra with Complete Modules.*

Let R be a finite-dimensional regular local ring with maximal ideal \mathfrak{m} . The category of \mathfrak{m} -complete R -modules is not abelian, but it can be enlarged to an abelian category of so-called L -complete modules. This category is an abelian subcategory of the full category of R -modules, but it is not usually a Grothendieck category. It is well known that a Grothendieck category always has a derived category, however, this is much more delicate for arbitrary abelian categories.

In this talk, we will show that the derived category of the L -complete modules exists, and that it is in fact equivalent to a certain Bousfield localization of the full derived category of R . L -complete modules should be dual to \mathfrak{m} -torsion modules, which do form a Grothendieck category. We will make this precise by showing that although these two abelian categories are clearly not equivalent, they are derived equivalent. (Received September 15, 2014)