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Semi-Quantum Key Distribution (SQKD) protocols, introduced by Boyer et al. in 2007, allow a fully quantum  $A$  and a limited “classical”  $B$  to distill a secret key, secure against even an all powerful adversary  $E$ . These protocols rely on a two-way quantum communication channel making their security analysis difficult. We proved in [1] that, for certain families of protocols, we need only consider restricted attacks consisting of a bias and a single unitary. We extend this result to prove the security of a new multi-user SQKD protocol we devised (allowing two limited “classical” users,  $A$  and  $B$ , to distill a secret key with the help of an untrusted quantum server). We compute a lower bound, as a function only of the observed error rate, of this protocol’s key generation rate in the asymptotic scenario. Our result demonstrates that the security of a SQKD protocol can be comparable to some “fully” quantum ones, which was an open question.

[1] W.O. Krawec, “Restricted Attacks on Semi-Quantum Key Distribution Protocols”, Quantum Information Processing, 2014, DOI: 10.1007/s11128-014-0802-2 (Received September 03, 2014)