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Poppy Immel*, School of Mathematical Sciences, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623. *Distinguishing Numbers of 2-Trees*. Preliminary report.

Given a graph G , a k -coloring is a function from the vertex set to the subset of integers $1, 2, \dots, k$. A k -coloring of G is distinguishing every nontrivial automorphism of G maps some vertex to a vertex with a different color; that is, no nontrivial automorphisms of G are color-preserving. The distinguishing number of a graph G , denoted $D(G)$, is the minimum k such that G has a distinguishing k -coloring. We adapt a recursive and enumerative approach developed independently by Cheng, and Arvind and Devanur, to prove that distinguishing numbers can be computed in polynomial time on the family of 2-trees. (Received August 22, 2015)