

1135-41-3205

Xin Li* (xin.li@ucf.edu), Department of Mathematics, 4000 Central Florida Blvd,
Mathematical Science Building 207, Orlando, FL 32816. *A weighted max-min-max problem on the
unit circle.* Preliminary report.

Let w be a polynomial of degree n with all zeros contained in $|z| > 1$ in the complex plane. Consider

$$m_{n,w} = \max_{0 \leq t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_n < 2\pi} \min_{1 \leq j \leq n} \left(\max_{t_j \leq t \leq t_{j+1}} \left| \frac{\prod_{k=1}^n (e^{it} - e^{it_k})}{w(e^{it})} \right| \right), \quad (t_{n+1} := t_1)$$

When $w(z) \equiv 1$, Khrushchev established that $m_{n,1} = 2$. Erdelyi, Hardin, and Saff demonstrated this as a consequence of an *inverse* Bernstein inequality for polynomials on the unit circle. In this talk, we will show that the above weighted max-min-max problem is related to an inverse Bernstein inequality for rational functions on the unit circle. (Received September 27, 2017)