

1154-92-1454

**Joan Ponce\*** (ponce0@purdue.edu), West Lafayette, IN 47906, and **Zhilan Feng** (fengz@purdue.edu), West Lafayette, IN 47906. *Dynamics of a childhood disease model with isolation.*

Epidemiological models with exponentially distributed disease stages, although simpler to analyze, have been shown to have limitations in many cases. The model results can be improved by considering more realistic distributions. In this talk, I will present a model with gamma distributions for the exposed and infectious stages to study the impact of isolation on sustained oscillations observed in many childhood diseases. This model is an extension of the model considered in Feng and Thieme (Math Biosc. 1994), in which exponential distributions are assumed for disease stages and it is shown that the threshold value for isolation to generate sustained oscillations is very long for most childhood diseases. By analyzing the stability of the endemic equilibrium and the threshold for Hopf bifurcation of our model, we show that the minimum value for the isolation period required for Hopf bifurcation can be reduced significantly so that the model can be applicable to many childhood diseases. (Received September 15, 2019)