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We study the propagation of an ultrawideband electromagnetic pulse through a semiconductor with complex dielectric permittivity given by a Debye model with static conductivity  $\sigma$ , as

$$\epsilon_c(\omega) = \epsilon_\infty + \frac{\Delta\epsilon}{1 - i\omega\tau} + i\frac{\sigma}{\omega}.$$

Our method of analysis is an asymptotic approximation to the integral representation of the electric field component of the propagated field

$$E(z, t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{ia-\infty}^{ia+\infty} \tilde{E}(0, \omega) \exp\left[\frac{z}{c}\phi(\omega, \theta)\right] d\omega,$$

where  $z > 0$  is the propagation distance into the material. Here,  $a > 0$  is a constant,  $\tilde{E}(0, \omega)$  is the temporal spectrum of the pulse in the plane  $z = 0$ ,  $\phi(\omega, \theta) = i\omega \left[ \epsilon_c^{1/2}(\omega) - \theta \right]$  is the complex phase function,  $\theta = ct/z$  is a space-time parameter and  $c$  denotes the speed of light in vacuum.

We have found non-uniform asymptotic expansions that provide a valid approximation to the propagated field for low and high levels of static conductivity. In this talk, we will address the issues faced in finding a uniform description that is valid for all levels of static conductivity. (Received September 12, 2008)