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**Ryan Lewis\*** ([me@ryanlewis.net](mailto:me@ryanlewis.net)), School of Mathematical Sciences, 85 Lomb Memorial Drive, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623, and **Anthony Harkin** ([aahsma@rit.edu](mailto:aahsma@rit.edu)), School of Mathematical Sciences, 85 Lomb Memorial Drive, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623. *A Network Theoretic Approach to Hyperspectral Image Classification.*

A hyperspectral image has  $n$  pixels with  $k > 100$  spectral bands. Hyperspectral imaging has a variety of applications, for example: geological research, wetlands mapping, and plant and mineral identification. We present a novel technique to classify the pixels of a hyperspectral image into spectrally similar groups. Our method represents the image data as a subset of  $R^k$ , and is based on Newman's Method of Optimal Modularity in Social Networks. (Received September 14, 2008)