Let $M$ be a right $R$-module and set $S = \text{End}_R(M)$. $M$ is called a Rickart module if the right annihilator in $M$ of any single element of $S$ is generated by an idempotent in $S$, equivalently, $\forall \varphi \in S, \text{Ker}\varphi \leq^\oplus M$.

$M$ is called a dual-Rickart module (or d-Rickart module) if the image in $M$ of every endomorphism of $S$ is generated by an idempotent in $S$, equivalently, $\forall \varphi \in S, \text{Im}\varphi \leq^\oplus M$.

In this talk, we will discuss properties of these two concepts and explore connections between them. Various examples and results will be presented.

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