962-11-117 Alexander Grytczuk (agryt@lord.wsp.zgora.pl), Institute of Mathematics, T. Kotarbinski Pedagogical University, 65-069 Zielona Gora, Poland, Florian Luca*
(fluca@mathematik.uni-bielefeld.de), Instituto de Matematicas UNAM, Campus Morelia, Apartado Postal 61-3 (Xangari)CP 58089 Morelia, Michoacan, Mexico, and Marek Wojtowicz (mwojt@lord.wsp.zgora.pl), Institute of Mathematics, T. Kotarbinski Pedagogical University, 65-069 Zielona Gora, Poland. On a conjecture of Makowski and Schinzel. Preliminary report.
For any positive integer $k$ let $\phi(k)$ and $\sigma(k)$ be the Euler function of $k$ and the sum of divisors function of $k$, respectively. In 1964, Mąkowski and Schinzel conjectured that the inequality

$$
\sigma(n) \geq n \backslash 2
$$

holds for all positive integers $n$. To this date, this conjecture is still unsettled. In this talk, we present a method by which we can infere that the lower density $\rho$ of the set of all positive integers $n$ satisfying the above Mąkowski-Schinzel inequality is at least 0.74 . We apply our method to also give a partial affirmative answer to a question of Erdős concerning the set of positive integers $n$ for which

$$
\phi(n)>\phi(n-\phi(n)) .
$$

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