962-52-1387 Gábor Fejes Tóth* (gfejes@renyi.hu), Rényi Institute of Mathematics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Reáltanoda u. 13-15, 1053 Budapest, Hungary. *Remarks on the Moment Theorem.* Preliminary report.

For a domain D, a point p and a function f the integral

$$M_f(D,p) = \int_D f(px)dx$$

is called the *moment* of D with respect to p taken with the function f. Here px denotes the distance of xto p. The Moment Theorem of László Fejes Tóth states the following: Let H be a convex polygon in E^2 with at most six sides and f a non-increasing function defined for non negative reals. Let p_1, \ldots, p_n be distinct points and let D_i be the Dirichlet cell of p_i relative to H. Then we have

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} M_f(D_i, p_i) \le n M_f(H_n, o),$$

where H_n is a regular hexagon of area $a(H_n) = a(H)/n$ centered at o. We extend the theorem to the case when $n \ge 2$ and H is an arbitrary convex body. We also give an alternative proof of a theorem of Peter Gruber establishing a stability criterion to the moment theorem. (Received October 03, 2000)