## 962-B1-48 Victoria Rayskin\* (vrayskin@bu.edu), 101 Monmouth St.#218, Brookline, MA 02446. Tangential Homoclinic Intersections in $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Preliminary report.

The well known  $\lambda$ -Lemma states the following: Let f be a  $C^1$ -diffeomorphism of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with a hyperbolic fixed point at 0 and m- and p-dimensional stable and unstable manifolds  $W^S$  and  $W^U$ , respectively (m + p = n). Let D be a p-disk in  $W^U$  and w be another p-disk in  $W^U$  meeting  $W^S$  at some point a transversely. Then  $\bigcup_{n\geq 0} f^n(w)$  contains p-disks arbitrarily  $C^1$ -close to D. In this paper we will show that a similar assertion still holds outside of an arbitrarily small neighborhood of 0, even in the case of tangential homoclinic intersections with finite order of contact, if we make a low order non-resonance assumption. We also show that this assumption is a necessary one in dimensions higher than 2. For the case of a homoclinic intersection with an infinite order of contact we present a counter-example for our Tangential  $\lambda$ -Lemma. Using the Tangential  $\lambda$ -Lemma we prove that one can find a transverse crossing arbitrarily close to a degenerate crossing if the homoclinic point is a point of finite order of contact. This generalizes the Birkhoff-Smale Theorem. Although we show that for planar dynamics non-resonance assumption is redundant. (Received July 05, 2000)