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**Olivia Beckwith, Matthew Grimm** and **Jenya Soprunova\*** (soprunova@math.kent.edu),  
Summit st., Mathematical Sciences Building, Kent, OH 44242, and **Bradley Weaver**. *Minkowski  
length of 2D and 3D lattice polytopes*. Preliminary report.

The Minkowski sum of two polytopes is the set of all pairwise sums of their points. The central object of my talk is the Minkowski length  $L(P)$  of a lattice polytope  $P$  which is defined to be the largest number of primitive lattice segments whose Minkowski sum is in  $P$ .

The Minkowski length represents the largest possible number of factors in a factorization of polynomials with exponent vectors in  $P$  and comes up in lower bounds for the minimum distance of toric codes. I will explain some combinatorial results about  $L(P)$  where  $P$  is a 2D or 3D lattice polytope in connection with 2D and 3D toric codes. (Received September 14, 2011)