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**Jerome Goddard II, Quinn A Morris\*** (qmorris1@swarthmore.edu), **Catherine Payne, R Shivaji** and **Byungjae Song**. *Steady States of Reaction-Diffusion Equations with U-Shaped Density Dependent Dispersal on the Boundary.*

We consider positive solutions to equations of the form

$$\begin{cases} -\Delta u = \lambda u(1 - u), & x \in \Omega, \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} + \gamma \sqrt{\lambda} g(u) u = 0, & x \in \partial\Omega, \end{cases}$$

where  $\lambda, \gamma > 0$  are parameters,  $g : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, \infty)$  is a nonlinear function, and  $\Omega$  is a bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^N$ ,  $N \geq 1$ . Such problems arise in the study of population dynamics in a habitat  $\Omega$  when the population exhibits nonlinear density dependent dispersal on the boundary. We analyze the persistence of the population (existence, non-existence, uniqueness, and multiplicity of positive steady states) as the patch size ( $\lambda$ ) and hostility of the outside matrix ( $\gamma$ ) vary. We obtain our results via the method of sub-super solutions. (Received August 25, 2017)