The minimum rank of a graph $G$ is the smallest possible rank of a matrix $A$ over any field with the same off-diagonal, nonzero pattern as the adjacency matrix of $G$. In this talk, we show the true minimum rank of a class of $n - 1$ regular bipartite graphs where $|V_1| = |V_2| = n$ using zero forcing sets and linear recursive sequences. We also discuss the relation between the minimum rank of $G$ and the possible dimension of a Locally Recoverable Code whose recovery sets are the neighborhoods of $G$. (Received September 14, 2020)