1163-11-1057 Matthew C. Welsh* (matthew.welsh@bristol.ac.uk). Bounds for theta sums. For a quadratic form Q in n variables and a real number M > 0, we consider the following theta sum,

$$\sum_{\mathbf{m}\in\mathbb{Z}^n}\chi(\frac{1}{M}\mathbf{m})\mathrm{e}^{2\pi iQ(\mathbf{m})},$$

where χ is the indicator function of the unit cube $(0,1)^n$. Cosentino and Flaminio (2015) have shown that for almost all Q this theta sum is $\ll_Q M^{\frac{n}{2}} (\log M)^a$ for an explicit a > 0 using properties of abelian actions on compact nilmanifolds. Here we present a new approach (joint with Jens Marklof, Soren Mikkelsen, and Gene Kopp) to producing bounds of the same form for almost all Q using theta functions defined via the Segal-Shale-Weil representation and the geometry of $\operatorname{Sp}(n,\mathbb{Z})\backslash\operatorname{Sp}(n,\mathbb{R})$. (Received September 14, 2020)